



SYLLABUS

Cambridge IGCSE®
Afrikaans as a Second Language
0548

For examination in November 2017, 2018 and 2019

Changes to synabus for 2017, 2010 and 2013
This syllabus has been updated, but there are no significant changes.
You are advised to read the whole syllabus before planning your teaching programme.
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1. Introduction

1.1 Why choose Cambridge?

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the University of Cambridge. We prepare school students for life, helping them develop an informed curiosity and a lasting passion for learning. Our international qualifications are recognised by the world's best universities and employers, giving students a wide range of options in their education and career. As a not-for-profit organisation, we devote our resources to delivering high-quality educational programmes that can unlock learners' potential.

Our programmes set the global standard for international education. They are created by subject experts, are rooted in academic rigour, and provide a strong platform for progression. Over 10 000 schools in 160 countries work with us to prepare nearly a million learners for their future with an international education from Cambridge.

Cambridge learners

Cambridge programmes and qualifications develop not only subject knowledge but also skills. We encourage Cambridge learners to be:

- confident in working with information and ideas their own and those of others
- responsible for themselves, responsive to and respectful of others
- reflective as learners, developing their ability to learn
- innovative and equipped for new and future challenges
- **engaged** intellectually and socially, ready to make a difference.

Recognition

Cambridge IGCSE is recognised by leading universities and employers worldwide, and is an international passport to progression and success. It provides a solid foundation for moving on to higher level studies. Learn more at **www.cie.org.uk/recognition**

Support for teachers

A wide range of materials and resources is available to support teachers and learners in Cambridge schools. Resources suit a variety of teaching methods in different international contexts. Through subject discussion forums and training, teachers can access the expert advice they need for teaching our qualifications. More details can be found in Section 2 of this syllabus and at **www.cie.org.uk/teachers**

Support for exams officers

Exams officers can trust in reliable, efficient administration of exams entries and excellent personal support from our customer services. Learn more at **www.cie.org.uk/examsofficers**

Our systems for managing the provision of international qualifications and education programmes for learners aged 5 to 19 are certified as meeting the internationally recognised standard for quality management, ISO 9001:2008. Learn more at **www.cie.org.uk/ISO9001**

1.2 Why choose Cambridge IGCSE?

Cambridge IGCSEs are international in outlook, but retain a local relevance. The syllabuses provide opportunities for contextualised learning and the content has been created to suit a wide variety of schools, avoid cultural bias and develop essential lifelong skills, including creative thinking and problem-solving.

Our aim is to balance knowledge, understanding and skills in our programmes and qualifications to enable students to become effective learners and to provide a solid foundation for their continuing educational journey.

Through our professional development courses and our support materials for Cambridge IGCSEs, we provide the tools to enable teachers to prepare learners to the best of their ability and work with us in the pursuit of excellence in education.

Cambridge IGCSEs are considered to be an excellent preparation for Cambridge International AS and A Levels, the Cambridge AICE (Advanced International Certificate of Education) Group Award, Cambridge Pre-U, and other education programmes, such as the US Advanced Placement program and the International Baccalaureate Diploma programme. Learn more about Cambridge IGCSEs at www.cie.org.uk/cambridgesecondary2

Guided learning hours

Cambridge IGCSE syllabuses are designed on the assumption that learners have about 130 guided learning hours per subject over the duration of the course, but this is for guidance only. The number of hours required to gain the qualification may vary according to local curricular practice and the learners' prior experience of the subject.

1.3 Why choose Cambridge IGCSE Afrikaans as a Second Language?

Cambridge IGCSE Afrikaans as a Second Language is recognised by universities and employers as proof of knowledge and understanding of the language. The syllabus is designed for learners who already have a working knowledge of the language and who want to consolidate their understanding in order to progress in their academic or professional career. The qualification reflects the widespread use of Afrikaans in education and commerce, and also in entertainment, throughout Southern Africa.

Learners will learn how to use Afrikaans effectively in the type of situations, and Afrikaans-speaking environments, they will encounter in their daily lives. The aim is to achieve a level of practical communication ideal for everyday use, which can also form the basis for further, more in-depth language study.

Prior learning

Candidates beginning 0548 Afrikaans as a Second Language are expected to have had prior contact with Afrikaans at school and/or in their community.

Progression

Cambridge IGCSE Certificates are general qualifications that enable learners to progress either directly to employment, or to proceed to further qualifications.

Candidates who are awarded grades C to A* in Cambridge IGCSE Afrikaans as a Second Language are well prepared to follow courses leading to Cambridge International AS Afrikaans Language and Cambridge International A Level Afrikaans, or the equivalent.

1.4 Cambridge ICE (International Certificate of Education)

Cambridge ICE is a group award for Cambridge IGCSE. It gives schools the opportunity to benefit from offering a broad and balanced curriculum by recognising the achievements of learners who pass examinations in a number of different subjects.

Learn more about Cambridge ICE at www.cie.org.uk/cambridgesecondary2

1.5 How can I find out more?

If you are already a Cambridge school

You can make entries for this qualification through your usual channels. If you have any questions, please contact us at **info@cie.org.uk**

If you are not yet a Cambridge school

Learn about the benefits of becoming a Cambridge school at **www.cie.org.uk/startcambridge**. Email us at **info@cie.org.uk** to find out how your organisation can register to become a Cambridge school.

2. Teacher support

2.1 Support materials

We send Cambridge syllabuses, past question papers and examiner reports to cover the last examination series to all Cambridge schools.

You can also go to our public website at **www.cie.org.uk/igcse** to download current and future syllabuses together with specimen papers or past question papers and examiner reports from one series.

For teachers at registered Cambridge schools a range of additional support materials for specific syllabuses is available from Teacher Support, our secure online support for Cambridge teachers. Go to **http://teachers.cie.org.uk** (username and password required).

2.2 Endorsed resources

We work with publishers providing a range of resources for our syllabuses including print and digital materials. Resources endorsed by Cambridge go through a detailed quality assurance process to ensure they provide a high level of support for teachers and learners.

We have resource lists which can be filtered to show all resources, or just those which are endorsed by Cambridge. The resource lists include further suggestions for resources to support teaching.

2.3 Training

We offer a range of support activities for teachers to ensure they have the relevant knowledge and skills to deliver our qualifications. See **www.cie.org.uk/events** for further information.

3. Assessment at a glance

3.1 Scheme of assessment

All candidates take Papers 1 and 2, and are eligible for the award of grades A* to G.

Paper 1	Duration	Weighting
Reading and Writing There are seven exercises testing reading, information transfer, note-making, summary writing and continuous writing.	2 hours	70%

Paper 2	Duration	Weighting
Listening There are four exercises: one true/false, one multiple choice and two comprehension exercises.	approximately 35–45 minutes	30%

Candidates may also take Paper 5. Marks for this optional Oral component do not contribute to the overall grade candidates receive for the written papers. Instead, where candidates perform to an appropriate standard, certificates record separately a grade from 1 (high) to 5 (low) for Speaking.

Paper 5	Duration	Weighting
Oral (optional)	approximately 10–15 minutes	n/a

3.2 Availability

This syllabus is examined in the November examination series.

This syllabus is available to private candidates.

Detailed timetables are available from www.cie.org.uk/examsofficers

Centres in the UK that receive government funding are advised to consult the Cambridge website **www.cie.org.uk** for the latest information before beginning to teach this syllabus.

3.3 Combining this with other syllabuses

Candidates can combine this syllabus in an examination series with any other Cambridge syllabus, except:

- syllabuses with the same title at the same level
- 0512 Cambridge IGCSE First Language Afrikaans

Please note that Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate and Cambridge O Level syllabuses are at the same level.

4. Syllabus aims and assessment objectives

4.1 Syllabus aims

The aims of the Cambridge IGCSE Afrikaans as a Second Language syllabus are to enable learners to:

- develop the ability to use Afrikaans effectively for the purpose of practical communication
- form a sound base for the skills required for further study or employment using Afrikaans as the medium
- develop an awareness of the nature of language and language-learning skills, along with skills of a more general application
- promote their personal development.

4.2 Assessment objectives

This syllabus assesses the receptive skills of Reading and Listening, and the productive skills of Writing and Speaking. Assessment objectives (AOs) have been grouped under skill headings, but it is recognised that these are interrelated.

Candidates must demonstrate ability in the following areas:

AO1: Reading

R1 understand and respond to information presented in a variety of forms

R2 select and organise material relevant to specific purposes

R3 recognise, understand and distinguish between facts, ideas and opinions

R4 infer information from texts

AO2: Writing

W1 communicate clearly, accurately and appropriately

W2 convey information and express opinions effectively

W3 employ and control a variety of grammatical structures

W4 demonstrate knowledge and understanding of a range of appropriate vocabulary

W5 observe conventions of paragraphing, punctuation and spelling

W6 employ appropriate register/style

AO3: Listening

L1 understand and respond to information presented in a variety of forms

L2 recognise, understand and distinguish between facts, ideas and opinions

L3 select and organise material relevant to specific purposes

L4 infer information from texts

AO4: Speaking

- S1 communicate clearly, accurately and appropriately
- S2 convey information and express opinions effectively
- S3 employ and control a variety of grammatical structures
- S4 demonstrate knowledge of a range of appropriate vocabulary
- S5 engage in and influence the direction of conversation
- S6 employ suitable pronunciation and stress patterns

4.3 Relationship between assessment objectives and components

Paper 1: Reading and Writing

Assess objec		Exercise 1	Exercise 2	Exercise 3	Exercise 4	Exercise 5	Exercise 6	Exercise 7
AO1	R1	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	
	R2		✓	✓	✓			
	R3			✓	✓		✓	
	R4		✓				✓	
AO2	W1		✓		✓	✓		✓
	W2				✓	✓		✓
	W3				✓	✓		✓
	W4				✓	✓		✓
	W5		✓		✓	✓		✓
	W6							✓

Paper 2: Listening

Assessment objective		Exercise 1	Exercise 2	Exercise 3	Exercise 4
AO3	L1	✓	✓	✓	✓
	L2	✓	✓	✓	✓
	L3	✓	✓	✓	✓
	L4			✓	✓

Paper 5: Oral (optional)

Assess objec		Exercise 1
AO4	S1	✓
	S2	✓
	S3	✓
	S4	✓
	S5	✓
	S6	✓

The weightings allocated to each of the assessment objectives are summarised in the tables below:

Assessment objective	Paper 1 (marks)	Paper 2 (marks)	Paper 5 (marks)	Weighting for qualification (%)
AO1: Reading	35	_	_	35
AO2: Writing	35	_	_	35
AO3: Listening	_	30	_	30
AO4: Speaking	-	-	30	separately endorsed

5. Description of components

5.1 Paper 1: Reading and Writing

Total mark: 70

Assessment of Reading and Writing skills is equally weighted within the component.

Duration: 2 hours.

For all parts of this component, candidates write their answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Dictionaries may **not** be used.

The question paper is divided into 7 exercises. The exercises have different total mark allocations, and some are broken down into a series of sub-questions. Candidates should attempt all exercises.

Overview of exercises on Paper 1

		Marks for reading objectives	Marks for writing objectives	Total available marks
Exercise 1	Reading (1)	8		8
Exercise 2	Information transfer	6	3	9
Exercise 3	Note-making	8		8
Exercise 4	Summary	3	2	5
Exercise 5	Writing (1)		15	15
Exercise 6	Reading (2)	10		10
Exercise 7	Writing (2)		15	15
		Total 35	Total 35	Total 70

Description of exercises on Paper 1

Exercise 1

- Reading exercise. Candidates read a short text printed in the question paper and answer a series of
 questions testing skim/gist reading skills which require short (single word/phrase) answers. The text will
 be one of the following types: advertisement, brochure, leaflet, guide, report, manual, instructions.
- Assessment objective: R1
- Total marks: 8

Exercise 2

- Information transfer. Candidates complete a form/notes template on the basis of information provided on the question paper.
- Assessment objectives: R1, R2, R4, W1, W5
- Total marks: 9

Exercise 3

- Note-making. Candidates make brief notes (under a supplied heading or headings) relating to a text printed in the question paper.
- Assessment objectives: R1, R2, R3
- Total marks: 8

Exercise 4

- Summary writing. Candidates write a paragraph-length summary about an aspect or aspects of the text from Exercise 3. They make use of the notes they made in Exercise 3.
- Assessment objectives: R1, R2, R3, W1, W2, W3, W4, W5
- Total marks: 5

Exercise 5

- Writing exercise. Candidates write approximately 150–200 words of continuous prose in response to a short stimulus (which may take the form of pictures) and/or short prompts printed in the question paper. Candidates are given a purpose, format and audience for writing.
- Assessment objectives: W1, W2, W3, W4, W5
- Total marks: 15

Exercise 6

- Reading exercise. Candidates read a text printed in the question paper and answer a series of questions testing more detailed comprehension. The text will be a report/newspaper/magazine article.
- Assessment objectives: R1, R3, R4
- Total marks: 10

Exercise 7

- Writing exercise. Candidates write approximately 200–250 words of continuous prose, in response to
 a short stimulus (which may take the form of pictures) and/or short prompts printed on the question
 paper. Candidates are given a purpose, format and audience for writing. (Note: The tasks for exercises
 5 and 7 will require different purposes/formats/audiences/register. For example, candidates might write
 an informal letter to a friend describing events during a holiday for Exercise 5, and a formal article for a
 school newspaper arguing whether or not sport should be made compulsory for Exercise 7.)
- Assessment objectives: W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6
- Total marks: 15

5.2 Paper 2: Listening

Total mark: 30

Duration: approximately 35-45 minutes.

For all parts of this component, candidates write their answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

The question paper is divided into four exercises. Candidates should attempt all exercises.

Dictionaries may **not** be used.

Candidates listen to recorded texts (e.g. dialogues, interviews, conversations, talks) on a CD and answer questions testing comprehension. They hear each text twice. The invigilator of the examination controls the CD, not the candidate(s).

For details about rooms, equipment, acoustics, checking the CD in advance and guidance on acoustics, teachers/invigilators should consult the relevant sections of the *Cambridge Handbook*.

Overview of exercises on Paper 2

		Total available marks
Exercise 1	True/False	6
Exercise 2	Multiple choice	5
Exercise 3	Comprehension	8
Exercise 4	Comprehension	11
	•	Total 30

Description of exercises on Paper 2

Exercise 1

- True-or-false exercise. Candidates indicate whether six sentence-long statements are either true or false, by ticking the correct box.
- Assessment objectives: L1, L2, L3
- Total marks: 6

Exercise 2

- Multiple-choice exercise. Candidates answer five questions, each with four possible answers to choose from.
- Assessment objectives: L1, L2, L3
- Total marks: 5

Exercise 3

• Comprehension exercise. Candidates are required to write short answers (single word or phrase) in response to open-ended questions.

Assessment objectives: L1, L2, L3, L4

Total marks: 8

Exercise 4

• Comprehension exercise. Candidates are required to write longer answers (phrase or sentence) in response to open-ended questions.

• Assessment objectives: L1, L2, L3, L4

Total marks: 11

5.3 Paper 5: Oral (optional)

Oral tests take place during a period before the main examination series (see relevant series' timetable). Centres will receive materials for the test before this period, and the tests must take place as soon as possible after opening the material. The Centre must leave sufficient time to send material to Cambridge for external moderation by the advertised deadline.

Centres will receive at least five Oral Assessment Cards, with an accompanying set of teacher's notes. Each card introduces a topic for discussion between the teacher/examiner and the candidate, together with suggestions for the development of the conversation.

Each candidate will be examined using **one** Oral Assessment Card selected by the teacher/examiner from the range provided.

Each oral test lasts approximately 10–15 minutes, as follows:

- non-assessed 'warm-up' conversation (approximately 2–3 minutes)
- time for the candidate to read the Oral Assessment Card and to prepare a response (they may not make written notes) (approximately 2–3 minutes)
- assessed conversation (6–9 minutes)

Candidates may not use dictionaries.

A teacher/Examiner at the Centre assesses candidates using the Oral Assessment Criteria grid (see Section 8 *Oral test guidance for Centres*).

The teacher/Examiner will usually be someone from the Centre's Afrikaans Language department, but could be someone local from outside the Centre.

The teacher/Examiner will conduct and internally assess the tests, and will submit a recorded sample of candidates' performances for external moderation by Cambridge. Centres will receive a brief report on the outcome of moderation.

The internally moderated marks for all candidates must be recorded on the Oral Assessment Summary Form. This form, and the instructions for completing it, may be downloaded from **www.cie.org.uk/samples**. The database will ask you for the syllabus code (i.e. 0548) and your Centre number, after which it will take you to the correct form. Follow the instructions when completing the form.

The Teacher's/Examiner's Notes accompanying the Oral Assessment Cards contain full instructions on the administration of the oral test. There is a summary in Section 8 of this syllabus. Go to www.cie.org.uk/samples for details of which candidates are to be included in the sample.

6. Syllabus content

Assessment objective	All candidates should be able to:	Candidates aiming for grades A* to C should, in addition, be able to:
Reading	 demonstrate the ability to recognise public notices and signs (including timetables and advertisements) demonstrate the ability to extract relevant specific information from forms, letters, brochures and examples of imaginative writing considered likely to be within the experience of and reflecting the interests of young people from varied cultural backgrounds scan for particular information, organise the relevant information and present it in a logical manner/given format 	 demonstrate the ability to extract relevant information from a wider range of texts, including magazines and newspapers likely to be read by young people demonstrate the ability to identify the important points or themes within an extended piece of writing draw conclusions from and see relations within an extended text
Writing	 carry out simple writing tasks, such as completing forms, writing postcards or short letters in an appropriate and accurate form of Afrikaans in response to a written stimulus demonstrate the ability to describe, report, give personal information identify, organise and present given material in a particular form 	carry out longer writing tasks on a wider range of topics in response to a written stimulus
Listening	 demonstrate understanding of specific details, information and semi-formal announcements, e.g. news, weather, travel, and in interviews, dialogues and telephone conversations demonstrate general comprehension of the speaker's intentions where appropriate 	 identify the important points or themes of the material they hear, including attitudes draw conclusions from and identify the relationships between ideas within the material they hear show awareness of major variations in register
Speaking (optional)	 demonstrate competence in a range of speech activities, e.g. respond to questions on topics within a defined range such as past and present schooling, future plans, current affairs conduct a sustained conversation 	 demonstrate greater flexibility in dealing with new, topical ideas show a sense of audience

7. Grade descriptions

Grade descriptions are provided to give a general indication of the standards of achievement likely to have been shown by candidates awarded particular grades. The grade awarded will depend in practice upon the extent to which the candidate has met the assessment objectives overall, and may conceal weakness in one aspect of the examination that is balanced by above-average performance in another.

At **Grade A** the candidate has demonstrated expertise by:

- understanding and communicating arguments, ideas and information, both at a straightforward and a more complex level
- structuring work overall so that the reader can follow the argument from the beginning to the end
- selecting material from texts and developing it in relationship to the question, sufficient to show some independence of thought
- describing and reflecting upon experience and expressing effectively what is felt and imagined
- recognising and explaining underlying meaning and the writer's attitude to the subject matter
- varying style straightforwardly in different types of writing and giving evidence of a good range of language
- spelling and punctuating accurately, with few mistakes
- using well constructed paragraphs and sentences of average complexity and applying standard grammatical conventions
- speaking clearly and confidently in response to other speakers and occasionally taking the initiative.

At **Grade C** the candidate has demonstrated competence by:

- understanding and communicating arguments, ideas and information at a straightforward level
- ensuring that all work has a clear beginning, middle and ending, and that ideas generally follow on from one another
- selecting material from texts in answer to questions and providing straightforward explanations and developments to show relevance
- recognising more obvious meanings and attitudes
- writing with some knowledge of style and the possibility of varying it according to different types of writing; using a range of language adequate to all the tasks set
- spelling and punctuating with accuracy so that communication is not impaired
- using adequate paragraphing and some variety of sentence construction
- speaking clearly with some confidence, mostly in response to the directions of other speakers; showing a readiness to listen to others and to respond appropriately.

At **Grade F** the candidate has demonstrated a basic level of competence by:

- understanding and communicating information at a basic level
- ensuring that all work has a basic sequence
- selecting material from texts in answer to questions and providing basic explanations
- recognising straightforward meanings and attitudes
- writing at least in single sentences with the possibility of sentence variety according to different types of writing; using language adequate to some of the tasks set

- spelling and punctuating so that weaknesses do not seriously impair communication
- using occasional paragraphing and variety of sentence construction, with some regard to grammatical conventions
- speaking with some confidence, but usually in response to the directions of other speakers; showing a readiness to listen to others and to respond.

8. Oral test guidance for Centres

General

- 1. The oral tests take place in the period before the main examination series as notified on the timetable. Each Centre decides on a convenient period within these dates for its oral tests.
- **2.** Centres must ensure well in advance of the tests that a suitably quiet room is available and that recording equipment is in good order.
- **3.** Centres must adhere to dates for completion of the oral tests and for the receipt of mark sheets and recordings to allow sufficient time for external moderation. It is vital that material does not arrive late.
- **4.** Centres with 30 or fewer candidates should use one examiner. Each Centre will select its own teacher/ Examiner. This is normally a teacher within the Afrikaans language department, but could be someone local from outside the Centre. A group of neighbouring Centres might choose the same teacher/ Examiner to conduct all their tests; in such a case each Centre is still responsible for submitting properly completed forms and samples.
 - Centres with more than 30 candidates may use more than one teacher/Examiner. If using more than one Examiner, Centres must carry out internal moderation so that a common standard is applied to all candidates.
- **5.** Centres entering candidates for the examination will receive a set of Oral Assessment Cards, notes about administration and forms for entering marks. Teachers/Examiners responsible for conducting the oral tests should familiarise themselves with these materials before the tests take place. The Oral Assessment Cards must remain confidential and the Centre must keep them in a secure place until the end of the examination period.
- 6. External moderation of internal assessment is carried out by Cambridge.
 - Centres must submit the internally assessed **marks** of **all** candidates to Cambridge.
 - Centres must also submit the internally assessed work of a sample of candidates to Cambridge on CD. Go to www.cie.org.uk/samples for details of which candidates are to be included in the sample.

The deadlines and methods for submitting internally assessed marks and work are in the *Cambridge Administrative Guide* available on our website.

In addition to submitting the marks and sample to Cambridge, Centres must complete the **Oral Examination Summary Form**. Instructions for its completion are on the reverse of the form. Please check all mark additions. The Oral Examination Summary Form must show the breakdown of marks for all the candidates, not just those included in the sample. Please put an asterisk (*) against the names of candidates whose Oral Examinations have been submitted on the CD. You should keep a copy of the recorded sample in case of loss or damage to the original. If the sample sent to Cambridge is inaudible or faulty in any way, you may be asked to provide a replacement.

Please note: if the sample received is unsatisfactory, or the process of internal standardisation conducted at the Centre has not produced a reliable rank order of candidates, Cambridge will ask the Centre to send a further recorded sample.

7. Immediately after completing the oral tests, Centres should send to Cambridge the sample CD(s) along with completed MS1 or signed print-out of the marks file and Oral Examination Summary Form(s). Please do not wait until the end of the assessment period before sending them.

Conducting the oral tests

- **8.** The procedure for oral tests should be as follows:
 - (A) <u>Start the Recording. Give the candidate's name and number</u>. Welcome the candidate(s) and explain briefly what is going to happen in the course of the test.
 - (B) <u>Warm-up section</u>: conduct a general conversation by asking the candidate(s) a few questions about herself/himself, the school, etc. to give candidate(s) time to get used to the examination situation. The purpose of this section of the test is to put candidates at their ease. As a guide, spend about 2–3 minutes on this section.
 - (C) Hand the Oral Assessment Card to the candidate. This must take place AFTER the warm-up section. Give any necessary explanation at this point, then allow a short preparation period (approximately 2–3 minutes) when the candidate may ask questions. The candidate may not make notes during this period. The examiner may leave the recorder on throughout this time, or turn it off. If turning it off, the Examiner should indicate this by saying 'The recording will be paused now': it is important for the moderator to know that the candidate has had an opportunity to study the card at this stage.
 - (D) <u>Main part of the test</u>: conversation based on the Oral Assessment Card. Either the examiner or the candidate may start the conversation. This section of the test should last approximately 6–9 minutes.

The total duration of the oral test, from the beginning of (B) to the end of (D), should be approximately 10–15 minutes. Note that only (D) is assessed. The oral test must be conducted in Afrikaans throughout.

- **9.** The oral tests must take place under examination conditions. The Centre must provide adequate supervision to ensure that candidates leaving the room for the oral tests do not communicate with those waiting to enter.
- **10.** No other person should be present during the oral test, with the exception of another teacher/Examiner, moderator or representative of Cambridge.
- 11. Candidates may not bring any notes into the examination room, and they may not use dictionaries.
- 12. There is a range of Oral Assessment Cards, and the teacher/Examiner (not the candidate) chooses the card for each candidate. The teacher/Examiner should use as wide a variety as possible of the cards during the oral tests at the Centre. In order to give candidates every chance to do themselves justice, the teacher/Examiner should select the Oral Assessment Card with care. The warm-up section may give the teacher/Examiner an indication of the best card to select. Remember that the test is one of spoken language not subject knowledge: if it becomes apparent that the candidate finds the topic difficult or inappropriate it is perfectly permissible to move into more productive areas. There is no need to stick rigidly to the examiner prompts in such cases.
- **13.** The teacher/Examiner should face the candidate, with a table or desk in between. Candidates should not be able to see notes made on Oral Examination Summary Forms or similar paperwork.

Recording the sample

14. Centres must ensure that their recording equipment is in good working order. Before the Oral tests take place, Centres should test the recording equipment and the CD(s) on site, ideally with one of the candidates. The warm-up section of the test also provides an opportunity to check audibility. Where possible, Centres should use a recorder with external microphones so that there is a separate microphone for the candidate and the teacher/Examiner. If there is only one microphone it should face the candidate.

It is important to check audibility levels before taping begins; avoid adjustments to the volume control during an examination. Take care to avoid extraneous noise and long gaps. Make checks throughout the oral testing session to ensure that voices are clearly audible.

With the exception of a permitted pause between the warm-up and the main part of the test, once the oral test has begun the CD should run without interruption.

Each recording should begin with a clear statement by the teacher/Examiner as follows:

"Centre Number: [e.g.] AZ 999

Centre Name: [e.g.] Abcxyz Academy

Examination: 0548 Afrikaans as a Second Language

Examiner Name: [e.g.] Ms Z. Abced
Date: [e.g.] 1 October 2017"

The teacher/Examiner should give details of each candidate recorded on the sample as follows:

"Candidate Number [e.g.] 1234

Candidate Name [e.g.] Abdi Zachariah"

At the end of the sample the teacher/Examiner should state clearly "End of sample".

Before despatching the CDs to Cambridge, make spot checks to ensure that every candidate is clearly audible. The individual tracks on each CD should be re-named to those candidates, rather than 'Track 1', 'Track 2', etc. Each CD should be clearly labelled.

Please submit the recorded sample, marks of all candidates and *Oral Assessment Summary Form(s)* immediately after completing the oral tests at the Centre. Do **not** wait until the end of the assessment period before sending them.

Oral Assessment Criteria grid (0548/5)

Give a mark out of 10 for each category (Structure, Vocabulary and Fluency), and then add these marks to give an overall total out of 30.

Mark	Structure [out of 10]	Vocabulary [out of 10]	Fluency [out of 10]
9–10	The candidate demonstrates ability to use a variety of structures accurately and consistently. There may be errors when sophistication is attempted, but the examiner is convinced that the candidate is confidently in control of the structures used.	The candidate shows enough command of vocabulary to respond with some precision. Shades of meaning are achieved and some sophisticated information/ideas are communicated. There will be only the occasional misuse of vocabulary.	The candidate shows sustained ability to maintain a conversation and to contribute at some length. The candidate can respond to change in direction of the conversation and perhaps initiate new topics. Pronunciation and intonation are appropriate, with only the occasional slip.
7–8	There may be mostly simple structures, but some more complex sentences will be attempted successfully. There will be some errors but these will not impede communication.	The candidate has a sufficient range of vocabulary to convey information and ideas but there is lack of precision. Vocabulary is not wide or varied.	The candidate responds relevantly to questions and at a length which makes frequent prompting unnecessary. Stress and intonation patterns are generally accurate. Little effort is required by the listener.
5-6	The candidate will be uneasy and error-prone when venturing beyond simple structures. However, simple accuracy will often be achieved and communication will be maintained.	Vocabulary conveys simple ideas and information clearly but lacks precision. There is some searching for words and hesitation when going beyond simplicity.	The candidate makes a real attempt to respond to questions. S/he may need frequent prompting and will tend to offer one sentence at a time, but keeps conversation going. Some noticeable inaccuracy of stress and intonation, but unlikely to impede communication.
3-4	Responses will usually be single words or very simple sentences – with errors. Error will tend to blur but not obscure communication.	Vocabulary will sometimes be inadequate to convey even simple ideas and there will be frequent pauses.	Responses tend to be brief and widely spaced. The candidate has to be encouraged to go beyond the single word response. Stress and intonation inaccuracy causes some communication difficulty, but candidate can usually be understood by a sympathetic listener.
1–2	Single word responses will be the norm and attempts at structured sentences will rarely achieve communication. However, some attempt at a response will be made at points during the interview.	Enough Afrikaans words are known to convey occasional snippets of information, but conversation will be very limited and confused.	Responses are so brief and imprecise that little is communicated. Use of single words is the norm, and there will be long gaps. Stress and intonation patterns cause difficulty for even the most sympathetic listener. Repetition is necessary to achieve communication.
0	Completely limited/no attempt at a response.	Completely limited/no attempt at a response.	No response/inaccuracy of stress and intonation prevents communication even after several repetitions.

9. Other information

Equality and inclusion

Cambridge International Examinations has taken great care in the preparation of this syllabus and assessment materials to avoid bias of any kind. To comply with the UK Equality Act (2010), Cambridge has designed this qualification with the aim of avoiding direct and indirect discrimination.

The standard assessment arrangements may present unnecessary barriers for candidates with disabilities or learning difficulties. Arrangements can be put in place for these candidates to enable them to access the assessments and receive recognition of their attainment. Access arrangements will not be agreed if they give candidates an unfair advantage over others or if they compromise the standards being assessed.

Candidates who are unable to access the assessment of any component may be eligible to receive an award based on the parts of the assessment they have taken.

Information on access arrangements is found in the *Cambridge Handbook* which can be downloaded from the website **www.cie.org.uk/examsofficer**

Language

This syllabus is available in English only. The associated assessment materials are in Afrikaans.

Grading and reporting

Cambridge IGCSE results are shown by one of the grades A*, A, B, C, D, E, F or G indicating the standard achieved, A* being the highest and G the lowest. 'Ungraded' indicates that the candidate's performance fell short of the standard required for grade G. 'Ungraded' will be reported on the statement of results but not on the certificate. The letters Q (result pending), X (no results) and Y (to be issued) may also appear on the statement of results but not on the certificate.

Entry codes

To maintain the security of our examinations, we produce question papers for different areas of the world, known as 'administrative zones'. Where the component entry code has two digits, the first digit is the component number given in the syllabus. The second digit is the location code, specific to an administrative zone. Information about entry codes can be found in the *Cambridge Guide to Making Entries*.

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